New Zealand Refugee Resettlement Strategy: Success Indicators and Measures
Outcomes Update for 2016/17

Outcome 1: Self-sufficiency
All working age refugees (18 – 64) are in paid work or supported by a family member in paid work

- The proportion of all cohorts in paid employment increases over time.
- Two years after arrival, the proportion of the 2010/11 cohort in paid employment is higher than the baseline average for the 2006-2010 cohorts and this proportion continues to rise over time.

Outcome 2: Housing
Refugees live independently of government housing assistance in homes that are safe, healthy and affordable

- The proportion of all cohorts receiving unemployment-related benefits decreases over time.
- Compared with a baseline average for the 2006-2010 cohorts, the proportions of subsequent cohorts receiving unemployment-related benefits typically tend to be higher at each time point after arriving in New Zealand.

Outcome 3: Education
English language skills help refugees participate in education and daily life

- Mean proportion of refugee school leavers attaining NCEA Level 2 after five years or more in New Zealand education system.

Outcome 4: Health and Well-being
Refugees and their families enjoy healthy, safe and independent lives

- Mean proportion of refugee school leavers attaining NCEA Level 2 within six months of enrolment.

Success Indicator: Proportion of refugees receiving housing assistance after two years and five years in New Zealand

- In 2016, 90% of school leavers with a refugee background attained NCEA Level 2 or above five years or more of being enrolled in ESOL, compared with 73% in 2013.
- In 2016, 53% of school leavers with a refugee background attained NCEA Level 2 or above less than five years of being enrolled in ESOL, a decrease of 7 percentage points compared with 60% in 2015.

Success Indicator: Proportion of refugee school leavers attaining NCEA Level 2 after five years or more in the New Zealand education system

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Success Indicator: Access to mental health services (at least one face-to-face visit)

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- In 2016, 53% of school leavers with a refugee background attained NCEA Level 2 or above less than five years of being enrolled in ESOL, a decrease of 7 percentage points compared with 60% in 2015.

Success Indicator: Proportion of quota refugee children receiving age-appropriate immunisations (6 and 12 months after arrival)

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Success Indicator: Utilisation of GP services

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